## Amendments to the Claims

 (Currently Amended) A method for treating <u>pain or anxiety</u> [a disorder remedied by antagonism of mGlu5 receptors] in a patient which comprises administering to a patient in need thereof an effective amount of a compound of formula 1:

$$ArR^2$$
 $R^1$ 
 $(1)$ 

wherein

Ar is phenyl or napthyl each of which may be substituted by one or more  $C_1\text{-}C_4$  alkyl,  $C_1\text{-}C_4$  alkoxy,  $C_1\text{-}C_5$  acyl, halo, amino, nitro, cyano, hydroxy,  $C_1\text{-}C_5$  acylamino,  $C_1\text{-}C_4$  alkylsulfonylamino, mono-, di- or trifluorinated  $C_1\text{-}C_3$  alkyl, substituents which may be the same or different and may bear a CONH2, CONHCH3, CON(CH3) 2, CO2H, CO2CH3, OCF3, CH2NHCOCH3, CH2NH2, CH2NHCH2, CH2NHCOCH3, CH2NHCOLH3, CH2NHCOLH3, CH2NHCH2)2 CN, CH2NHCH3, CH2NHCH4, CH2NHCHCH3, CH2NHCH2)2 CN, CH2NHCH2CH3, CH2NHCH3, NHCOC(CH3)2, or N(S(O)2CH3)2 substituent;

 $R^{1} \text{ is hydrogen, halo, R}^{4}, \text{CN, C(NOH)R}^{3}, \text{C(NO-R}^{4}) R^{3}, (\text{CH})_{2} \text{CO}_{2} R^{4}, (\text{CH}_{2})_{n} \text{ OR}^{3}, \\ \text{COR}^{3}, \text{CF}_{3}, \text{SR}^{4}, \text{S(O)R}^{4}, \text{ S(O)}_{2} R^{4}, \text{COCH}_{2} \text{CO}_{2} R^{3}, \text{NHSO}_{2} R^{4}, \text{NHCOR}^{3}, \text{C(NOR}^{3}) \text{NH}_{2}, \\ \text{CH}_{2} \text{OCOR}^{3}, (\text{CH}_{2})_{n} \text{ NH}_{2}, \text{CON(CH}_{3})_{2}, (\text{CH}_{2})_{n} \text{NHCO}_{2} R^{4}, \text{CO}_{2} R^{3}, \text{CONH}_{2}, \text{CSNH}_{2}, \\ \text{C(NH)NHOR}^{3}, (\text{CH}_{2})_{n} \text{N(CH}_{3})_{2}, \text{ or CONHNHCOR}^{3}; \\ \end{cases}$ 

R2 is 1,2-ethenediyl or 1,2-ethynediyl;

R3 is hydrogen or C1-C4 alkyl;

R4 is C1-C4 alkyl; and

n is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof; or an N-oxide thereof.

(Original) A method as claimed in Claim 1 wherein
 Ar is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>acyl, halo, amino, nitro, cyano, hydroxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> acylamino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylsulfonylamino or mono-, di- or trifluorinated C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkyl; and
 R<sup>1</sup> is hydrogen, halo, R<sup>4</sup>, CN, C(NOH)R<sup>3</sup>, C(NOR<sup>4</sup>)R<sup>3</sup>, (CH)<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>4</sup>, OR<sup>3</sup>, COR<sup>3</sup> or CF<sub>3</sub>.

- 3. (Cancelled)
- (Currently amended) The method of any one of Claims 1[-3] or 2 wherein the patient is a human.
- 5. (Original) A compound of formula 1:

$$ArR^2$$
 $R^1$ 
 $(1)$ 

wherein

Ar is phenyl or napthyl each of which may be substituted by one or more  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_5$  acyl, halo, amino, nitro, cyano, hydroxy,  $C_1$ - $C_5$  acylamino,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkylsulfonylamino, mono-, di- or trifluorinated  $C_1$ - $C_5$  alkyl, substituents which may be the same or different and may bear a CONH2, CONHCH3, CON(CH3)2, CO2H, CO2CH3, OCF3, CH2NHCOCH3, CH2NH2, CH2N(CH3)2, CH2CN, CH2OH, CH2NHSO2CH3, CH2N(CH3)(CH2)2 CN, CH2N(CH3)2, CH2NHCH(CH3)2, CH2NHCH(CH2)2CN3, CH2NHCO2R<sup>4</sup>, CH2NHCH2CH3, CH2NHCH3, NHCOC(CH3)2, or N(S(O)2CH3)2 substituent;

$$\begin{split} & R^{1} \text{ is hydrogen, halo, } R^{4}, \text{CN, C(NOH)} R^{3}, \text{C(NO-R}^{4}) R^{3}, \text{(CH)}_{2}\text{CO}_{2} R^{4}, \text{(CH}_{2})_{n} \text{ OR}^{3}, \\ & \text{COR}^{3}, \text{CF}_{3}, \text{SR}^{4}, \text{S(O)} R^{4}, \text{S(O)}_{2} R^{4}, \text{COCH}_{2}\text{CO}_{2} R^{3}, \text{NHSO}_{2} R^{4}, \text{NHCOR}^{3}, \text{C(NOR}^{3}) \text{NH}_{2}, \\ & \text{CH}_{2}\text{OCOR}^{3}, \text{(CH}_{2})_{n} \text{NH}_{2}, \text{CON(CH}_{3})_{2}, \text{(CH}_{2})_{n} \text{NHCO}_{2} R^{4}, \text{CO}_{2} R^{3}, \text{CONH}_{2}, \text{CSNH}_{2}, \\ & \text{C(NH)}\text{NHOR}^{3}, \text{(CH}_{2})_{n} \text{N(CH}_{3})_{2}, \text{ or CONHNHCOR}^{3}; \end{split}$$

R<sup>2</sup> is 1,2-ethenediyl or 1,2-ethynediyl;

```
R^3 is hydrogen or C_1-C_4 alkyl;

R^4 is C_1-C_4 alkyl; and

n is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4;
```

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof; or an N-oxide thereof; provided that the compound is other than 5-phenylethynyl-nictinonitrile.

- (Original) The compound of Claim 5 wherein n is 0 or 1.
- 7. (Original) The compound of any one of Claims 5 or 6 wherein Ar is phenyl substituted by one or more halo, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, CN, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, CF<sub>3</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, NH<sub>2</sub>, OH, COCH<sub>3</sub>, substituents which may be the same or different and may bear a CONH<sub>2</sub>, CONHCH<sub>3</sub>, CON(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, CO<sub>2</sub>H, CO<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, OCF<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NHCOCH<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CN, CH<sub>2</sub>OH, CH<sub>2</sub>NHSO<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>3</sub>)(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub> CN, CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>3</sub>)CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NHCH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NHCH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NHCO<sub>2</sub>C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NHCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NHCH<sub>3</sub> or NHCOC(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> substituent.
  - (Currently amended) The compound of any one of Claims 5[-7] or 6 wherein halo
    is fluoro, iodo, choro or bromo; alkyl is methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl or isobutyl; and
    alkoxy is methoxy.
  - 9. (Currently amended) The compound of any one of Claims 5[-8] or 6 wherein Ar is 2-chlorophenyl, 3-chlorophenyl, 2-fluorophenyl, 3-fluorophenyl, 4-fluorophenyl, 3,4-dimethylphenyl, 3,5-dimethylphenyl, 2,4-dimethylphenyl, 2,5-dimethylphenyl, 2-evanophenyl, 3-evanophenyl, 4-cyanophenyl, 2-methoxyphenyl, 3-methoxyphenyl, 3-methoxyphenyl, 4-methylphenyl, 3,4-difluorophenyl, 3,5-difluorophenyl, 3,4,5-trifluorophenyl, 3-methylphenyl, 4-methylphenyl, 3-bromophenyl, 3-nitrophenyl, 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, 3-aminophenyl, 3-bromophenyl, 3-hydroxyphenyl, 3-actylphenyl, 5-chloro-2-methoxyphenyl, 3-chloro-4-fluorophenyl, 3-hydroxy-4-fluorophenyl, 3-methoxy-4-fluorophenyl, 3-bromophenyl, 3-isopropoxy-4-fluorophenyl, 3-isoprophylphenyl, 3-ethylphenyl, 3-methyl-4-fluorophenyl, 3-trifluoromethyl-4-fluorophenyl, 3-chloro-4-fluorophenyl, 3-trifluoromethyl-4-fluorophenyl, 3-trifluoromethyl-4-fluorophenyl, 3-chloro-4-fluorophenyl, 3-trifluoromethyl-4-fluorophenyl, 3-chloro-4-fluorophenyl, 3-trifluoromethyl-4-fluorophenyl, 3-chloro-4-fluorophenyl, 3-trifluoromethyl-4-fluorophenyl, 3-chloro-4-fluorophenyl, 3-chloro-4-fluoroph

- 3-nitro-4-fluorophenyl, 3-aminocarbonyl-4-fluorophenyl,
- 3-N-methylaminocarbonyl-4-fluorophenyl,
- 3-N,N-dimethylaminocarbonyl-4-fluorophenyl, 3-carboxyl-4-fluorophenyl,
- 3-methoxycarbonyl-4-fluorophenyl, 3-acetylaminomethyl-4-fluorophenyl,
- 3-methysulfonylaminomethyl-4-fluorophenyl,
- 3-pivaloylaminomethyl-4-fluorophenyl, 3-trifluoromethoxyphenyl,
- 3-aminomethyl-4-fluorophenyl, 3-dimethylaminomethyl-4-fluorophenyl,
- 3-cvanomethyl-4-fluorophenyl, 4-fluoro-3-hydroxymethylphenyl,
- 3-{[(2-cvanoethyl)-methylaminol-methyl}-4-fluorophenyl.
- 4-fluoro-3-[(isopropylmethylamino)-methyl]phenyl,
- 4-fluoro-3-isopropylaminomethylphenyl, 4-fluoro-3-propylaminomethylphenyl,
- 3-ethylaminomethyl-4-fluorophenyl, 4-fluoro-3-methyl aminomethylphenyl,
- 3-isobutyrylamino-4-fluorophenyl or 3-aminophenyl.
- 10. (Currently amended) The compound of any one of Claims 5[-9] or 6 wherein R<sup>1</sup> is hydrogen, bromo, iodo, fluoro, chloro, C(NOH)R<sup>3</sup>, C(NO-R<sup>4</sup>)R<sup>3</sup>, methyl, CN, CH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>4</sup>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)mOR<sup>3</sup>, COR<sup>3</sup>, CF<sub>3</sub>, SR<sup>4</sup>, S(O)R<sup>4</sup>, S(O)<sub>2</sub>R<sup>4</sup>, COCH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>3</sup>, NHS(O)<sub>2</sub>R<sup>3</sup>, NHCOR<sup>3</sup>, CH<sub>2</sub>OC(O)R<sup>3</sup>, (CH<sup>2</sup>)mNH<sub>2</sub>, CON(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)mNHCO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>4</sup>, CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>3</sup>, CONH<sub>2</sub>, CSNH<sub>2</sub>, CNHNHOR<sup>3</sup>, (CH<sub>3</sub>)mNHCOR<sup>3</sup>, CONHNHCOR<sup>3</sup>.
- (Currently amended) The compound of [any one of Claims 5-10] <u>Claim 10</u>
   wherein R<sup>3</sup> is hydrogen, methyl, ethyl or t-butyl.

- (Original) The compound of Claim 5 wherein
   Ar is phenyl of napthyl each of which may be substituted by C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> acyl, halo, amino, nitro, cyano, hydroxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> acylamino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylsulfonylamino or mono-, di- or trifluorinated C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkyl; and R<sup>1</sup> is hydrogen, halo, R<sup>4</sup>, CN, C(NOH)R<sup>3</sup>, C(NOR<sup>4</sup>)R<sup>3</sup>

   (CH)CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>4</sup>, OR<sup>3</sup>, COR<sup>3</sup> or CF<sub>3</sub>
- (Currently amended) The compound of formula [I] <u>1</u> as claimed in [any one of Claims 5-12] Claim 12 wherein R<sup>1</sup> is CN, iodo, chloro, methyl or COR<sup>3</sup>.
- (Currently amended) The compound of formula [I] <u>1</u> as claimed in [any one of Claims 5-13] Claim 12 wherein R<sup>1</sup> is CN.
- (Currently amended) The compound of formula [I] 1 as claimed in [any one of Claims 5-14] Claim 12 wherein R<sup>2</sup> is 1,2-ethynediyl.
- (Currently amended) The compound of formula 1 as claimed in [any one of Claims
   5-15] Claim 12 wherein C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl is methyl.
- (Currently amended) The compound of formula 1 as claimed in [any one of Claims 5-16] Claim 12 wherein R<sup>3</sup> is methyl.
- (Currently amended) A compound of formula 1 as claimed in [any one of a Claims
   [Claim 12] wherein R<sup>3</sup> is hydrogen.
  - 19. (Currently amended) The compound of [any one of Claims 5-18] <u>Claim 12</u> wherein substituted Ar is substituted phenyl.
- (Currently amended) The compound of [any one of Claims 5-6, 8 or 10-18] <u>Claim</u>
   wherein Ar is phenyl.
- (Original) A compound of claim 5 which is:
   5-(4-Fluorophenylethynyl)-nicotinonitrile, 5-(3-Cyanophenylethynyl)-nicotinonitrile or 5-(3,4-difluorophenylethynyl)-nicotinonitrile.

- (Currently amended) A process for preparing a compound of formula 1 (or a
  pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof) as provided in [any one of the above Claims 5-21]
  <u>Claim 5</u> which comprises:
  - for a compound of formula 1 in which R<sup>2</sup> is 1,2-ethenediyl, reacting with a compound of formula II

with a compound of formula Ar-CHCH2 in a Heck coupling;

(b) for a compound of formula 1 in which  $R^2$  is alkynyl, reacting with a compound of formula III

in a Sonogashira coupling with a compound of formula Ar-I or Ar-Br in a suitable solvent;

whereafter, for any of the above procedures, when a pharmaceutically acceptable salt of a compound of formula 1 is required, it is obtained by reacting the basic form of such a compound of formula 1 with an acid affording a physiologically acceptable counterion, or, for a compound of formula 1 which bears an acidic moiety, reacting the acidic form of such a compound of formula 1 with a base which affords a pharmaceutically acceptable cation, or by any other conventional procedure; and wherein, unless more specifically described, the value of R<sup>1</sup>, Ar and R<sup>2</sup> are as defined in Claim 5.

- 23. (Currently amended) A pharmaceutical composition comprising in association with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, dill[t]ent or excipient, a compound of formula 1 (or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof) as provided in <u>Claim 5</u> [any one of the above Claims 5-21].
  - 24. (Cancelled)
  - 25. (Cancelled)